



Physikalisches Institu

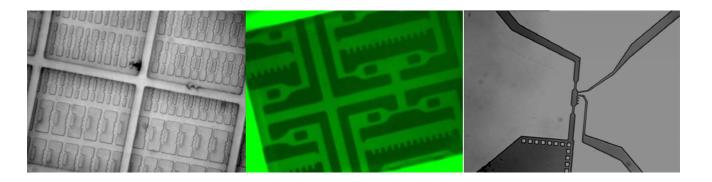
Colloidal Particles Operating Microfluidic Devices

T. Sawetzki

S. Bleil, S. Rahmouni, D.W.M. Marr, C. Bechinger

2. Physikalisches Institut

Universität Stuttgart





Outline

I. Introduction: Lab on a Chip

II. The Experiment

- Our Approach
- Setup
- Methods

III. Microfluidic Devices

- Pumps
- Mixers
- Outlook

IV. Summary



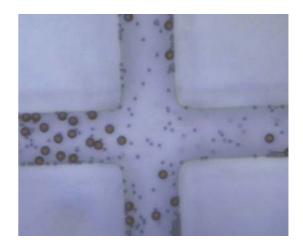
Introduction

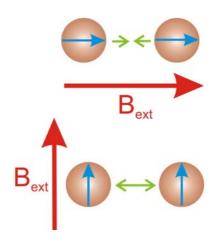
Our Approach:

- paramagnetic colloids
- 4.5µm in diameter
- soft lithographic structures
- particles as building blocks for different functionalities
- noninvasive external actuation

Particles in Magnetic Fields:

- magnetic dipole induced
- attraction
- repulsion





2

2. Physikalisches Institu

Setup:

- infra-red laser
- optical tweezers

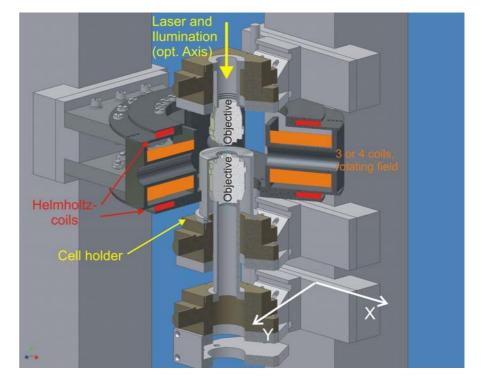
video microscopyMagnetic Coils:

- 4 AC driven coils
 - in sample plane
 - phase difference 90°
 - rotating magnetic field
 - attraction AND torque

pair of Helmholtz coils

- perpendicular to sample plane
- DC driven
- repulsion

Setup





- assembly of particles with magnetic fields
- final cluster bigger than inlets
- in-situ construction of different functionalities
- colloids as building bricks
- symmetric shape preferred
- > => Self Assembly



Universität Stuttgart

Germany





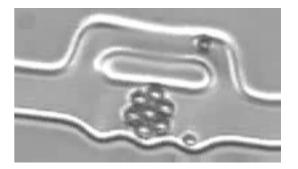


Pumping Cluster

- symmetric cluster
- symmetry break of channel walls
- net pump volume
- external field rotation way faster than cluster
- Self Assembly!



<u>15µm</u>



S. Bleil, D.W.M. Marr, C. Bechinger APL **88**, 263515 (2006)





Pump/Valve - Combination

- rotating cluster
- one channel is blocked
- positioned by optical or magnetic fields
- direction of rotation defines direction of flow
- position defines addressed channels



Universität Stuttgart

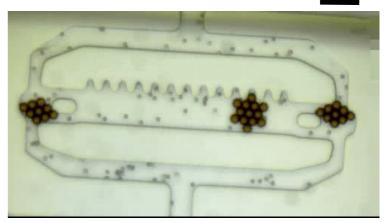
Germany

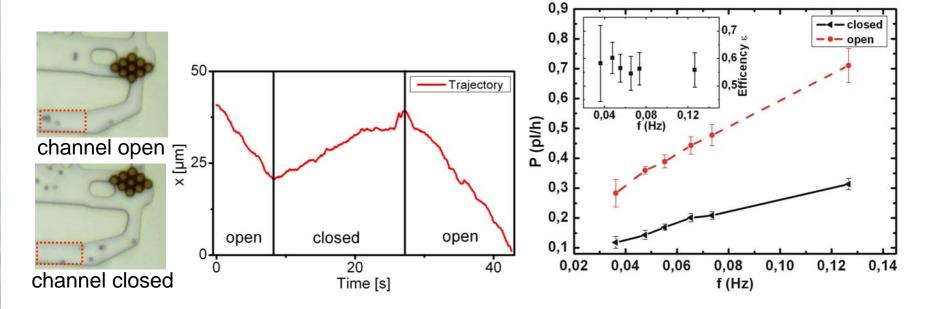




Pumps and Valves

- global magnetic field
- flow is rectified by valves
- single clusters couple to surrounding
- > => synchronization of different functionalities!





Universität Stuttgart

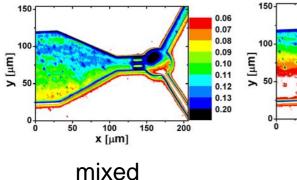
Germany

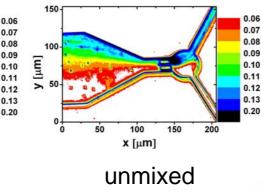
2

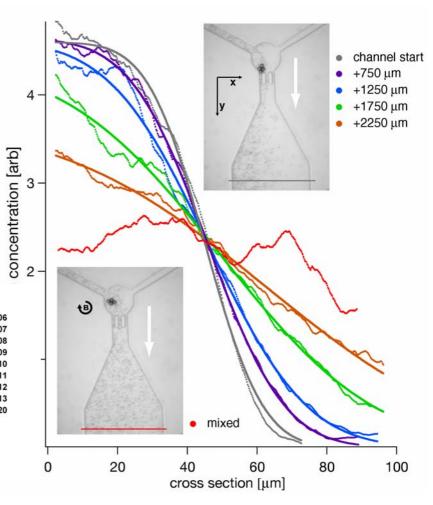


Mixers

- mixing in laminar flows
- > only by diffusion
- folding of interface by rotating cluster
- assisting of diffusion
- more efficiently mixed than after 10min of pure diffusion









Universität Stuttgart

New Approach for Lab on a Chip Applications:

- Magnetic Colloids as 'Building Blocks'
- Noninvasive Actuation by Global Magnetic Fields
- Synchronization of Different Functionalities
- Scaleable and Not Limited to Special Materials